



UCF Definition Type List

Here is the listing that is most current.

- **Adjective** – A word or phrase naming an attribute, added to or grammatically related to a noun to modify or describe it.
- **Adverb** – A word or phrase that modifies or qualifies an adjective, verb, or other adverb or a word group expressing a relation of place, time, circumstance, manner, cause, degree, etc. (e.g., gently, quite, then, there).
- **Noun** – A word or phrase (other than a pronoun) used to identify any of a class of people, places, or things common noun, or to name a particular one of these proper noun.
Verb – A word or phrase used to describe an action, state, or occurrence, and forming the main part of the predicate of a sentence, such as hear, become, happen.
- **Abbreviation** – A shortened form of a word or phrase.
- **Adjective suffix** – A set of letters added to the end of a word to create an adjective.
- **Article** – A kind of adjective that is always used with and gives information about a noun. The only articles in the English language are: a, an, and the.
- **Combining form** – A form of a word normally used in compounds in combination with another element to form a word.
- **Conjunction** – A part of speech that connects words, sentences, phrases or clauses.
- **Contraction** – A shortened version of a word, syllable, or word group, created by omission of internal letters (sounds).
- **Interjection** – A word used to express an emotion or sentiment on the part of the speaker.
- **Limiting Term** – A word or phrase, typically a conjunction or preposition, that connects an event or action to a point in time. The UCF leverages Limiting Terms in combination with Triggering Events to indicate an event occurrence organizations should be monitoring, aka a Monitored Event.
- **Noun Suffix** – A set of letters added to the end of a word to create a noun.
- **Phrase** – A group of grammatically connected words within a sentence.
- **Prefix** – A set of letters added to the beginning of a word to create a new word.
- **Preposition** – A word governing, and usually preceding, a noun or pronoun and expressing a relation to another word or element in the clause.
- **Pronoun** – A word that can function by itself as a noun phrase and that refers either to the participants in the discourse (e.g., I, you) or to someone or something mentioned elsewhere in the discourse (e.g., she, it, this).
- **Verb Suffix** – A set of letters added to the end of a word to create a verb.

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